

The Progress.

Vol. XV.

QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T., THURSDAY JULY 12, 1900.

No. 35

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

LEGAL.

A. D. DICKSON, Barrister, Advocate
Solicitor, etc.
Office, first door south of the Queen's Hotel
Qu'Appelle St.

MEDICAL.

D. C. E. CARTHEW, Qu'Appelle, Phys-
ician, Surgeon, Coroner Etc. Grad-
uate Toronto University and Licentiate Col-
lege Physicians and Surgeons, Ont.

W. HENDERSON, M.D.C.M.,
Graduate of McGill University,
Licentiate of College of Physicians and Sur-
geons, N.W.T. Office at home.

AUCTIONEER.

G. S. DAVIDSON,
Licensed Auctioneer for the
Territories.

ARRANGEMENTS can at any time be
made at the Messrs. Harris offices at
Qu'Appelle Station, Indian Head or Sinta-
rita. All sales will receive prompt attention.

BUSINESS CARDS.

MEETINGS

THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL of South
Qu'Appelle meets the first Monday of
each month. The Secretary-Treasurer will
be in the office to attend to business every
Saturday, from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. Applica-
tions for Transient Traders' Licenses, to
beat the Town Hall, and for Interments in
the Cemetery must be made to Frank Amas
J. C. STARR Sec'y-Treas.

A. HOLLINGSHEAD,

House, Sign and Carriage Painter.
Graining, Gilding, Paper Hanging
and Kalamining

ALL WORK PROMPTLY EXECUTED.

**QU'APPELLE STATION AND
INDIAN HEAD**

JOHNSTON & GREAMER

Sale and Feed Stables,
QU'APPELLE STATION.

DEALERS IN
CANADIAN HORSES.

J. B. ROBINSON,
Contractor & Builder

Estimates given and all work promptly
attended to.

Undertaking

Small branches carefully attended to

**Western Co-Operative
Loan & Investment Co.**

Head office, 303 Main St., WINNIPEG

Qu'Appelle Advisory Board:

President, W. L. Watt; Vice-President,
H. C. E. Watt; Directors, C. G. Sam-
uels, Esq., Harry Gordon, Esq.,
R. Dale, Esq.; Valuator, James
McNaughton;
Secretary-Treasurer and Agent, A. Matheson.

Loans made on Real Estate in Town and
Country. Issues Proportional stock at 8 per
cent. and share in profits. Fully paid stock
at 7 per cent. Monthly instalment stock
maturing in 8, 10 and 12 years.
WM. ALLEN, General Agent,
Greenfield, N. W. T.

THE QU'APPELLE MILL

Will be
CLOSED DOWN

For repairs
**AFTER
Saturday, July 14th.**

Persons wishing to exchange
wheat for flour are requested to
bring in the wheat before that
date. Mill will not run again
until new wheat comes in.

D. MOORE
Manager.

QU'APPELLE.

ITS SITUATION, BUSINESS PLACES AND ADVANTAGES.

Facts in a Nutshell for Busy Readers.

SITUATION.

Qu'Appelle Station is 324 miles from Winnipeg, 32 miles
from Regina on main line of C. P. R., and 18 miles from the
famous summer resort, the Qu'Appelle Lakes.

BUSINESS PLACES.

Qu'Appelle contains 3 general stores, 3 implement firms
2 hotels, 1 drug store, 1 lumber yard, 2 harness shops, 1 hard-
ware store, 1 furniture store, 1 blacksmith shop, 2 shoemakers,
1 bakery, 2 grocery, fruit and confectionery stores, 1 meat
market, 1 printing office and a number of other business
enterprises.

ADVANTAGES.

Qu'Appelle contains 1 3-room school taking high and
public school work, 3 elevators with combined capacity of
65,000 bushels, 1 creamery producing 16,000 to 20,000 pounds
of butter per year, 1 flour mill, capacity 125 bbls. per day,
and 4 churches.

It is surrounded by beautiful farming land, well wooded
and watered. It is suitable for mixed farming and grain
growing. It is the shipping point of the northern ranchers
and from 2,000 to 4,000 head of cattle are shipped annually.

It has well-paved streets and good roads leading in all
directions from the town.

It is the headquarters of the government telegraph system.
You can get good homesteads of 160 acres for \$10 within
20 miles of the town.

Men and women find ready employment in the district at
good wages.

It is noted for its beautiful situation and well sheltered
homes.

Springbrook.

From our own correspondent.)

Miss Maggie Verner, of Indian
Head, returned with Miss Bertha
Robb and is spending a week in
the settlement visiting friends.

Mr. Robt. Paterson, of Wide
Awake, paid us a friendly visit last
week on his way to Edgeley.

A number from this district at-
tended the Indian Head sports and
returned well pleased with the day's
enjoyment.

School closes on the 6th for six
weeks summer holidays.

Mr. Jas. McEwen, of the Station,
repaired the pump in the public
well and it is now in running order.

Messrs. Wright, Brown and
McKenzie have gone into partner-
ship and are putting up a large
quantity of hay.

We have had several good rains
lately and the crops are picking up
wonderfully.

Owing to the extremely dry weath-
er this summer water has become
very scarce. The sloughs are all
dry and those who are not fortun-
ate enough to possess good wells
are obliged to haul water some of
them quite a distance.

A large number started for the
Edgeley picnic but had to turn
back on account of the rain.

Edgeley Echoes.

From our own correspondent.)

Omitted from last week.

Mr. S. Parnsley, of Lortie, visit-
ed his many friends in this district
last week.

School closed for the term on
Friday, June 30th. There were
very few present at the public ex-
amination, on account of the busy
season, also the prevalence of
mumps in the settlement. The
silver medal bought by the trustees,
and for which the pupils have been
competing the past year, was
awarded to Douglas Fraser, who
won it on twenty-two different
occasions.

Miss Emma Goodwin went to
Indian Head last Monday to be
present at the Teachers' Examina-
tion, which begins this week. We
wish Emma success in her under-
taking.

Dominion Day, (July 2nd), was
well celebrated by the majority of
our settlers. Some went to Indian
Head to take in the sports and re-

port having a good time. Others
went to the Qu'Appelle Valley to
engage in picking berries and fish-
ing. Please don't ask the picnickers
how many berries they got, or how
many fish they caught, as certain
questions are better left unasked
and unanswered.

The outlook for a crop this year
is very gloomy. The rain we have
had recently helped a little, but
unless we have more very soon
there will be only about a third
crop. Indeed many fields of grain
will never be cut. Some farmers
are plowing the wheat under, and
others are herding cattle on it.
The farmers are quite discouraged
over the state of affairs, and some
of them say they will be lucky if
only their bread and seed are forth-
coming.

Abundant rain has since fallen.

—Ed.

Miss Annie Finner recently left
for the Rockies, on a visit to her
sister, Mrs. Newman.

Mr. and Mrs. John Root of Wide
Awake, visited relations here last
Sunday.

Miss Johnston, of Qu'Appelle
Station, visited Edgeley last Sun-
day.

Mr. Young, of Winnipeg, and
Mrs. Brydon, of Qu'Appelle Stn.,
visited Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Howett
last week.

Mrs. Johnston and son, of Qu'-
Appelle Stn., visited Mr. and Mrs.
H. Bray from Friday to Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Whittingham
visited Mr. and Mrs. H. Anderson
of Poplar Plains.

Miss Trevartha, and Miss Pearl,
of Qu'Appelle Stn., are now visit-
ing Mrs. J. Whittingham.

The carpenters are now hard at
work on the new school, and in-
tend rushing it along with their
usual vigor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Howden visited
Indian Head on Dominion Day.
Miss Hunt returned with them and
will rusticate for a time.

Mr. R. J. Brown and Miss
Brown, of Davin, also Miss Mable
Goodwin and Mr. David Tate
started last Monday on a trip to
the Prince Albert district, where
their relations reside. They pur-
pose driving the entire way and
camp out at nights. May they
have a pleasant trip and a safe re-
turn.

LOOK AND READ.

CONSIGNMENTS OF

PLAIN AND FANCY FURNITURE

CONSTANTLY ARRIVING AT

THE QU'APPELLE FURNITURE STORE

And owing to the Low Prices charged are rapidly going into the hands of the
consumer. Special quotations made for whole outfits which will outstrip all
competition. The cheapest place to get Church, School and Lodge Furniture.

DON'T FORGET that we carry the largest assortment of

Wall Papers & Window Blinds

In the Territories.

PICTURE FRAMING a specialty. Inspection invited.

Investigation Shows Wisdom

As you will find by looking over our large and complete stock of

Harness, (Single and Double Driving and Team Harness.)

Saddles, Riding Bridles,

In fact anything from a bit snap up, at away down prices.

Lidgate & James.

DEALERS IN FARM IMPLEMENTS, HARNESS, ETC.

HUNTER'S DRUG STORE.

"If you get it at Hunter's it's good."

Crude Drugs

The prices of nearly all Crude Drugs have ad-
vanced and are likely to go still higher. By
watching the markets closely I have been able to
stock up in these lines before the advance in price
and my customers will reap the benefit.

Crude Castor Oil (in pints and quarts, 25c. and 40c.) for
oiling buggies, waggon, etc.

Crude Carbolic Acid about half the price of the pure
acid and often takes its place satisfactorily.

Powdered Gentian, Sulphur, Saltpetre, Eongrook, Aloes and Copperas

All these and other drugs that Ranchers and Stockmen require can be had from me in
any quantity and at the very lowest prices compatible with superior quality.

CASTILLE SOAP.

A shipment of this SHELL BRAND Castile
Soap, the purest soap made, has just come in. 25c.
a pound or 3 lb. bar for 50c. It's the cheapest of all
soaps besides being the purest.

OUR OWN

This line of my own preparations I always recommend because I know what they
contain, and I am confident that skill and experience cannot produce better. Hunter's
Sarsaparilla with Lotion of Potash, for impure blood; Hunter's Carbolic Healing Oint-
ment; Hunter's Headache Powder (one minute cure); Hunter's North-west Condition-
er; Hunter's Cough Cure, for coughs and colds; Hunter's Compound Syrup of
44 phosphorus.

DISPENSING AND MAIL ORDERS.

All prescriptions receive my personal at-
tention, and are put up accurately from pure-
best drugs. Any order by mail will receive
prompt attention, and in every case will be
filled the same as if present yourself.

LEST WE FORGET

To draw your attention to the following lines when you come in, ask to see
them: Jewellery, Wall Paper, Table Articles, Stationery, Fancy Goods, Books,
Magazines, etc.
Amateur Photographers Supplies.

4 Star. Lime Juice (quart bottle 50c.)

W. H. HUNTER,
Dispensing Chemist & Druggist.
QU'APPELLE STATION, N.W.T.

MacCAUL & HARVEY FOR SCREENS

To fit all windows. Get them up before fly time.

Canadian War Paintings

How to Obtain a Reproduction of A. H. Hider's Masterpiece, "The Surrender of Commandant Botha to the Canadian Mounted Infantry."

The splendid services performed in South Africa by the Canadians have won the world's admiration and demonstrated that in the sons of the Dominion the Empire has soldiers as fine as ever marched under Marlborough or Wellington.

None of the regiments in South Africa has won more fame than have the contingents from Canada. The first contingent, originally a body of more than one thousand men, but sadly reduced in numbers since it has been in the field, has become a veteran battalion, and its achievements have merited the highest praise from Lord Roberts and from all. The Mounted Infantry and the Artillery from Canada have proved themselves no less efficient in every action in which they have been engaged, for Canada is a country which produces men of the finest type for service in the field.

At Paardeberg, where the gallant Major Arnold met death unflinchingly, Canadians were placed by Lord Roberts in the post of honor side by side with the famous Gordon Highlanders, and covered themselves with glory, being nearest the Boers when General Cronje surrendered. In the relief of Mafeking, the Canadian Artillery by a forced march won its way gloriously to the front, under the eyes of all the world. At Koonstad, in the advance from Bloemfontein, at Heilbron, at Pretoria, at Sand River, everywhere that they have had fighting to do, the Canadian Infantry, the Canadian Mounted Infantry, the Canadian Artillery, and the Canadian Cavalry—all our brave boys have acquitted themselves like heroes. Many of those gallant hearts that beat so high when the cheering thousands hailed them God-speed, they sailed from Canada's shores now lie still forever in lonely graves on the other side of the world under African skies. Their memories will ever be cherished among the most precious national heritages of the people of Canada. When the survivors return, and are welcomed home with joyous acclaim, the unreturning ones will be silently present, too, and their silent presence will be an influence that will never cease to be felt in the national life, as a prompting to the greatest patriotism and the most self-sacrificing devotion to the preservation of those British liberties which make our country a land worth living in and dying for.

To every Canadian heart, to every Canadian home, to every brave soldier boy speak with an irresistible eloquence, appeal with an irresistible thrill of patriotism and pride. When the Canadian brush find more stirring subjects? Knowing how strong the general demand is for a worthy picture of such character, the Free Press of the Canadians in South Africa, the Manitoba Free Press has secured the painting by A. H. Hider, of the "Surrender of Commandant Botha and his forces to the Canadian Mounted Infantry." Reproductions of this magnificent work of art, a picture not less than 12 inches in size, carefully made in fifteen (15) colors, by a process which gives all the values of the original with wonderful fidelity, are made at a premium by the Free Press, Winnipeg. This reproduction is a work of art of fine, high quality, which is only to be seen to command the attention and hold attention. The canvas is filled with action, and a rare sweep of rolling valley, the picture within its limits, so admirably has the painter rendered the distance. It is on the figures of Commandant Botha, and the officer of the Canadian Mounted Infantry and his orderlies, in the foreground, that the attention of the beholder is centered. Military men have studied the painting minutely and pronounced it faultless in every detail. Worthy of special note are the horses, which are magnificently painted, and will do much to enhance the already wide-spread fame of Mr. Hider as a painter of horses. Aside altogether from its historic value and its patriotic interest, it is a masterpiece which no lover of art will be willing to be without, and which every one who acquires will doubtless frame.

Any person sending 50 cents to the Free Press, Winnipeg, will receive the Weekly Free Press from date to the end of 1900 and a copy of this splendid picture. The picture will be mailed, carefully tubed, postage prepaid. To the first thousand who take advantage of this offer will be sent in addition a map of South Africa 30x22 inches in size. This map is sold at the book stores in Winnipeg for 40 cents. It is one of the most comprehensive and best maps published, and should be found in every Canadian home. On it may be traced the movements of our troops. Their weary though glorious marches may be followed, the points at which they battled and won renown marked. The Free Press unhesitatingly makes the claim that it is a more liberal and more complete reproduction of the painting than any made by any Canadian publication. Figure the value of the offer for yourself.

Weekly Free Press from date to end of 1900, \$1.00
War map of South Africa, 50
Reproduction of A. H. Hider's painting, Surrender of Commandant Botha to Canadian Mounted Infantry, 1.00
Total, \$2.50
The three will be sent postage prepaid to any address in Canada for 50c.

The Free Press controls the sale of this picture, and is ready for delivery almost immediately, the supply is limited. Send your order at once if you wish to be amongst the first thousand.

SUFFER NO MORE. There are thousands who live miserable lives because dyspepsia dulls the faculties and shadows existence with the cloud of depression. One way to dispel the vapors that beset the victims of this disorder is to order them a course of Parmentier's Vegetable Pills, which are among the best vegetable pills known, being easy to take and are most efficacious in their action. A trial of them will prove this.

Striking Similarity.
"The chicken in that clock reminds me of a poor ball player and an arrogant labor union."
"How so?"
"It goes out on so many strikes."—Chicago Times Herald.

London Tit-Bits Won't Copy.
She—What do the dispatches mean when they say "the British are in touch with the Boers?"
He—Well, sometimes it means that the "touch" is productive of a big check for the British.—Philadelphia Press.

A RECOGNIZED REGULATOR.—To bring the digestive organs into symmetrical working is the aim of physicians when they find a patient suffering from stomachic irregularities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parmentier's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only can they perform their duties properly.

Sanguinary Thomas.
Carrie—I think Tom is the most revengeful person I ever met.
Bertha—What has Tom been doing now?
Carrie—Oh, it isn't that he has been doing anything. But the horrid thing he said about Willy Weller! He said he wished he was a dentist and had Willy to operate on. Isn't he terrible?
—Boston Transcript.

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE.
Lot 5, P.E.I.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
MAHONEY BAY. JOHN MADER.

I was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.
JOSHUA WYNACHT.
Bridgewater.

More Humane Plan.
"George, you'd better take that worthless little sore eyed pup somewhere and drown him."
"Can do better with him than that, paw. I'll put him in a last year's peach basket, take him down town, get two or three kids to stand at the edge of the sidewalk and look at him, and I'll sell him to some jay for \$2."—Chicago Tribune.

Hotel Balmoral, Montreal, Free Bus Am. P. 11.00 up. E. P. 11.00 am.
Undisturbed Bliss.
"Have you been to the theaters much this season?"
"No. Now that Harry is away at school Jack and I can sit in the parlor and hold hands just as well as anywhere else."—Chicago Times Herald.

Mitigation.
"You should bear this fact particularly in mind, gentlemen of the jury—my client has spent more than half his life in prison. How can you expect and such surroundings to produce anything but a criminal?"—Heitere Welt.

LA "TOSCANA," FACTORY, Montreal.

Force on the Piano.
It has been calculated that a minimum pressure of the finger of one-quarter of a pound is needed to sound a note on the piano and that at times a force of five pounds is thrown on a single key to produce a single effect. Chopin's last study in G minor has a passage taking two minutes five seconds to play that requires a total pressure estimated at three full tons.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

Excerpt.
Usher—Pardon me, ma'am, but the rules of this theater require that ladies shall remove their hats.
She (with head stiffly erect)—This is a toque, sir.—Chicago Tribune.

Don't the Full Limit of Freedom.
"Do you consider America the land of the free?"
"Not for me."
"Why not for you?"
"I'm not a member of a labor union."—Chicago Post.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

In a Bad Fix.
Gadzooks! In a restaurant—Don't let us sit at that table. I gave the waiter a tip yesterday, and he will expect another today.
Zounds—Well, how about this table?
Gadzooks—Won't do. I have never fed the waiter, and he would doubtless expect me to begin today.—New York Tribune.

Minard's Liniment Cures Gout in Cows.

Pa Couldn't Very Well Refuse.
"Was your talk with pa satisfactory, Rodney?"
"Oh, yes; I convinced him that there was not the least danger so far as I was concerned of my wedding presents being levied on."—Chicago News.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

WESTERN CANADA'S GREAT 20TH CENTURY FAIR WINNIPEG, 23rd to 28th July, 1900.

\$35,000.00 IN PRIZES AND ATTRACTIONS
Largely increased Prize List.
Four full days Racing.
Finest Platform Attractions ever seen in the West.

EVERY EVENING:
Grand Pyro Military Drama
Battle of Paardeberg
AND
Surrender of General Cronje.

Prize Lists and Programmes free on application.
F. W. HEBBACH, General Manager, Winnipeg, Manitoba.

A REALLY SICK MAN
SUFFERED TERRIBLE AGONY DUE TO KIDNEY AND LIVER TROUBLE.

Medicines Apparently Had No Effect Until, at the solicitation of a Friend, He Used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and Was Cured.

From the Mail, Granby, Que.
Mr. Albert Fisher, accountant at Payne's cigar factory, Granby, Que., is known to almost every resident of the town, and is held in the highest esteem by all who know him. In conversation with the editor of the Mail, recently, something was said concerning Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, when Mr. Fisher remarked that he had found these pills a very valuable medicine. It was suggested that he should make his experience known, and to this he readily consented, handing to the Mail the following letter for publication:

Granby, March 16th, 1900.
In justice to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, I think it my duty, in view of what they have done for me, to add my testimonial to the many which I have seen in print. For some months I suffered most severely from pains up and down my back. It was thought these were due to liver and kidney trouble, but whatever the cause, they kept me in terrible agony. The pains were not confined to the back, but would shift to other parts of the body. As a result, I could get no rest, my appetite was much impaired, and I was really a sick man. I tried many different remedies, without effect, and which disgusted me with medicine. A friend suggested that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I was not easily persuaded, for I had given up the use of medicine, as nothing had helped me, but as he insisted, I finally concluded to give them a trial. I purchased one box, and was astonished to find that before it was entirely used, I was quite a bit relieved, and after using six more, I felt restored to my former good health. I take great pleasure in recommending this valuable remedy, that others may profit by my experience, and not suffer the tortures that I did.

Yours sincerely,
Albert Fisher.
Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. If your dealer does not keep them, they will be sent postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for \$2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

High Life.
When a man who lives in a boarding house has gone, the landlady assumes an air of great importance.—Philadelphia Record.

Speaker Reed's Retort.
Growing tired of his chair one afternoon, Speaker Reed surrendered it to another member and sat down beside a western Democrat.
"My, what a large hand you have!" remarked Mr. Reed, looking intently at the enormous paw of his Democratic friend, who was writing a letter.

"Yes, sir," said the member, "and I am proud of it. I worked on a farm for so many years that my hands grew large, as you see them."
The speaker held up his small and shapely right hand, smooth and white as a woman's, and said:
"Well, I thank the Lord I never worked on a farm."
The member replied, "You are probably going to run for the presidency some time, Mr. Reed, and if you do I'll placard that statement all over the country. And what could you do about it?"

The big fellow mused awhile and said:
"Nothing—except to brand you as an infamously liar."—Success.

You can't make a girl with a new engagement ring believe all men are alike, and after she has been married ten years you can't make her believe they are not.—Chicago News.

THE PROHIBITION LAW
As It is Now Enforced in the State of North Dakota.

TESTIMONY OF JUDGE POLLACK

Advantages Accruing to the People From the Abolition of Saloons—Population Has Doubled, Bank Deposits Increased, Crime Decreased, and General Prosperity Has Resulted.

The following letter from Judge Pollack of North Dakota to W. R. Mulock, Q.C., Winnipeg, Man., will be read with much interest at the present time, as it pertains to one of the leading questions of the day.

Fargo, N.D., April 13, 1900.
Hon. W. R. Mulock, Q.C., Winnipeg, Manitoba.

My Dear Sir—I have your favor of the 10th instant, wherein you ask as to the effect of Prohibition in North Dakota, and whether it has been enforced satisfactorily.

Replying, would say: The effect has been remarkable for the betterment of our people. We have arrived at a point where the enforcement of the law has reached such a momentum that our people are constantly seeing the advantages coming from the absence of saloons and "blind pigs." You will remember our law went into effect July 1, 1890, about six months after the advent of Statehood. For several years we had to contend with the problems growing out of a change of systems, and the enforcement of an excise law. The constitutionality of the law must be tested in the courts. Assaults in the legislature against its various provisions had to be met and overthrown. Aggressive action towards resubmitting the question of constitutional prohibition to the people had to be thwarted. A public sentiment commensurate with the needs of the time must be developed and made stable. All these matters have been met by our people with such dignity and dogged determination that to-day it can be truthfully said the law is more popular among them than before.

In my district, covering the counties of Cass, Traill and Steele, during the license period, there were about 125 saloons. Fargo, then a city of 6,000 inhabitants, had 41. There is not a saloon to-day in the entire district, and at this moment, I am not aware of a single place where it is claimed there is a "blind pig." That there may be a few such places I have no doubt, but if they do exist, it is so under cover as to avoid the offense of the officers.

Fargo, now as then, the metropolis of the State, has not suffered in her material growth. Then she was without a block of pavement, now, all principal streets, both business and residence, are paved. The city has grown to contain about 12,000 inhabitants. There are no vacant or tenement houses. More are constantly being erected. She did about \$12,000,000 worth of wholesale trade in farm implements, groceries and fruits during the past year, and had on a daily deposit in her banks, subject to check, about \$1,700,000. At the same time, when compared with 29 of the large cities of the country, such as Minneapolis, St. Paul, Denver, Milwaukee, Toledo, Boston, Philadelphia, etc., only five have smaller per capita income, and only two have a smaller per capita tax levied in 1898.

All over the State just such developments as this are constantly shown, and all without the aid of the licensed saloon. Verily, the State which produced annually 55,000,000 bushels of hard wheat, to say nothing of her other vast industries, of flax, rye, oats, corn, cattle, sheep

and coal, has no need of the saloon.

The time was in the State when the liquor elements controlled the policies of the parties. That time is gone, and public sentiment is becoming so strongly in favor of prohibitory methods of dealing with the traffic, that party leaders are discovering means to satisfy that public demand. At the last State election, about 40,000 votes were cast. The Republican party triumphed by 10,000 majority, having the following plank in its platform:

"We believe in the strict observance of all laws, and especially that no backward step should be taken in the maintenance and enforcement of the prohibition law."

Governor Devine, in his message to the last legislature, said: "The law may not have accomplished all that its friends hoped, but that it has been a powerful instrument for the preservation of temperance, but few will deny. Rainy days have not the terrors for our farmers as before. Merchants and business men engaged in lawful pursuits enjoy the advantages of cash sales, which formerly were secured by the saloons. Our cities, instead of being filled with vacant buildings, are building more to keep pace with the demands of trade and consequent increase in growth. General prosperity seems everywhere to abound. But, best of all, the children of the State are growing up to understand that the saloon is an outlaw, and that the sale of intoxicants as a beverage is offensive to the good order of the State."

This testimony of the Governor, I know was given, after his having travelled quite thoroughly over the entire State.

During last year I was in 12 different counties (the most populous holding court). My observation leads me to fully confirm the statement of the Governor.

At the present moment, in this county of Cass, containing a population of over 30,000, there are in our county jail but three persons. They are waiting trial for grand larceny at the closing April term, beginning week after next; whereas, under the license law form, say 1885 to 1889, while I was the prosecuting attorney, we had at this time of the year upon an average of 20 persons, and upwards.

I have twice had the pleasure of visiting your city. I know something of your commercial life. I feel justified in venturing the opinion that if your business men would once try the prohibitory system of dealing with the liquor traffic, give it a fair trial, they would never willingly return to the license system.

I have the honor to remain, very respectfully, your obedient servant,
CHARLES A. POLLACK,
Judge Dist. Court, 3rd Judicial District of North Dakota.

Private Hudson, F. Company, First Special Service, Regiment, son of Lieut.-Col. L. E. Hudson, writes home under date Rondosch, May 7.

You may be surprised to hear that I am not far from bald now, with quite a few grey hairs. Most of our brave lads have grey hairs, and no wonder. Young Williamson, of my regiment, who was wounded by a shell at Paardeberg, and who is now working here with me, has his hair altogether white grey, and he is only 17 years and 8 months old. And the surprise in store for his mother.

Carrying the Laundry War Into China.
A complete laundry outfit was shipped last month from New York for an American steam laundry in Shanghai, China. The company will be known as the Chinese Steam Laundry Company, Limited, and was organized under German laws, but with American capital, with five Chinamen on the board of directors. An American sailed on the same steamer to superintend the erection of the plant.

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TIEN TSIN FALLEN

ADMIRAL SEYMOUR WOUNDED BY A CHINESE SHARPSHOOTER.

Allied Forces Fighting Incessantly to Keep Open Communication Against Overwhelming Numbers.

London, July 5.—"Not a single foreigner is now alive at Peking," is the latest Chinese report which has reached Shanghai. Earlier reports from the same sources describe the condition of the British legation as something awful. It is said that the rooms of the legation were filled with sick and wounded, the killed lying in the streets. It is expected that many of the members and officials of the Tungli yamen perished when the German guard, maddened by the murder of Baron von Ketteler, the German minister, set fire to the building.

That the foreigners at the Chinese capital have been abandoned to their horrible fate seems no longer open to doubt in the light of the message received by the Associated Press from Taku this morning announcing the decision of the admirals regarding the hopelessness of further attempts to relieve Peking under the circumstances. The same message seems to foreshadow the evacuation of Tien Tsin by the international forces pending the arrival of a fully equipped army. While the arrival of a comparatively small garrison at Tien Tsin at a point under the protection of the naval guns would relieve much of the anxiety. It is felt here that a retreat of the troops is liable to set aflame the provinces at present quiescent.

Advices from Shanghai today say that there is continued fighting at Tien Tsin, while the German consul at Che Foo telegraphs to Berlin confirming the report of the renewal of hostilities.

He says the foreign settlement at Tien Tsin is again surrounded and is being bombarded and that the women and children are to be removed. He adds that the Chinese troops have again advanced bridges and been destroyed, but that communication by water with Taku is maintained. The consul confirmed the report that the mission buildings to Mukden have been burned and that many native Christians have been killed.

It is reported that Gen. Nip Si Chang is advancing for an attack on Tien Tsin with 90,000 troops.

High Chinese officials here stated today that they had received a message from Peking saying that 24 hours would decide the fate of the remaining foreign legations. Severe fighting continues around Tien Tsin. Admiral Seymour is reported to have been wounded in a pitched battle. Reports from the surrounding country show that the Chinese are trying the massacres of foreigners and native Christians have been posted upon walls of missions.

London, July 5.—The commanders of the allies at Tien Tsin inform the correspondents that it would be suicidal to reach Peking with the troops now available in the face of the colossal force of Imperial troops and Boxers occupying the country between Tien Tsin and Peking. So far from taking the offensive, the 12,000 international troops at Tien Tsin and the 8,000 others at Taku are in a defensive position, barely keeping up communication, fighting incessantly with overwhelming numbers, using far more dangerous artillery pieces than the allies. This telegram has been received: "Shanghai, July 5, via Che Foo.—Tien Tsin city fell between 7 and 8 o'clock on the morning of June 30."

It is understood that Shanghai undoubtedly referred to the native city of Tien Tsin, from which the Chinese have been bombarding the foreign quarter, and the dispatch that the allies are taking to hold their own. Other advices received by way of Shanghai, aver that the Chinese losses around Tien Tsin are between 7,000 and 8,000 according to official estimates.

Canadians Involved.

Ottawa, July 5.—A cable has been received at the militia department stating that Capt. Pelletier, of Montreal, and Capt. Wilkie, have been reported by the medical board, Pelletier being declared unfit for duty for six months and Wilkie for three months.

An order dated June 16 gives a gratuity to colonial troops serving in South Africa of £5, when discharged medically unfit, or on their way to longer being required, or on termination of their engagement.

Dr. Borden has a cable stating that Dr. Ryerson leaves South Africa for Canada today.

Fire at St. Pierre.

Halifax, July 5.—News reached here of a serious conflagration at St. Pierre Miquelon a few days ago, when property valued at \$20,000 was destroyed. The principal warehouses for storing fish and other staple articles of the colony were wiped out. The warehouses belonged to an old French company represented in St. Pierre by M. Le Bonne.

SIX RAILWAY MEN KILLED

And Many Injured by the Explosion of Several Tank Cars

Parkersburg, W. Va., July 5.—Six prominent railway men were instantly killed and between twenty-five and thirty-five persons terribly injured by the explosion of several gasoline tank cars in the yards of the Ohio River railroad here today.

At 7:30 o'clock a yard engine was passing down with a train running at a good rate of speed toward the lower end of the yard. On nearing the shops a switch was discovered open. Before the train could be stopped, the engine struck a train of gasoline tanks. Several officials of the road happened to be here and, as usual in an accident of the kind, they fired a cannon shot at the remaining tanks of oil in order to let the fluid out. Instantly after the shot had hit the tank it exploded. Smoke rose in a dense mass. After it cleared away a horrible sight greeted the hundreds of people who rushed to the scene. Everywhere were to be seen chunks of human flesh. Dead bodies were scattered here and there, injured were lying all over the surrounding country.

The dead are: J. H. Hallock, general superintendent; Blakeley Reevs, engineer; Edward Shannon, telegrapher; Yardmaster Carr, Master Mechanic Laimine and Conductor Bradford.

FIREWORKS EXPLOSION

Ten Killed and Twenty Others Fatally Injured at Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, July 5.—Seven children were killed by an explosion of fireworks in the heart of the Italian quarter in this city yesterday. Three are so badly burned that they will probably die and about twenty others are seriously injured.

The explosion was caused by a colored boy firing a shot from a revolver into a mass of fireworks owned by a side walk merchant. The boy was among those killed.

After the explosion the police searched the neighborhood and confiscated over a ton of dynamite crackers and other dangerous explosives.

Trolley cars and ice wagons were pressed into service to carry the injured to the hospital.

WHEAT IS RECOVERING.

The Members of the Legislature Give Encouraging Reports.

Winnipeg, July 5.—Most of the members of the local legislature have returned from their homes and upon being questioned as to the appearance of the wheat, gave a uniformly favorable report. The recent rains have been general all over the province and the wheat crop is experiencing a thorough reviving, which promises to make the yield fully double of what was expected by the most hopeful a week ago. The other cereals have been benefited even more than wheat and the oat, bar and rye crops will be fairly good. The grass has sprung up and the wells and streams, which were drying up, have again filled up, much to the relief of the live stock. Altogether the rains of the past week have saved millions of dollars to the province.

WRECK OF A TROLLEY CAR

Street Car Crowded With Excursionists Falls Sixty Feet Into a Gulch.

Tacoma, Wash., July 5.—A trolley car jumped over a bridge in Dolin street today. It fell sixty feet into the gulch below.

The car was jammed with passengers on route to the city to witness the parade. It is believed that every person aboard was killed. Many women and children were in the party.

Dominion Commons.

Ottawa, June 5.—Mr. Blair brought down the railway subsidies, which showed a total of \$3,493,200. Grants were given to extend the Canadian Northern 160 miles toward Prince Albert; to extend the Waskada branch of the C.P.R. 20 miles, and the Alberta railway to Cardston. The whole of the afternoon and part of the evening was devoted to a bill respecting additional judges. Among the provisions is one for a chief justice for the Territories. It received a second reading. A motion of censure moved by Mr. Bennett, East Simcoe, was defeated.

Alone in the World.

Toronto, July 5.—Mrs. Elizabeth McNair, who had given birth to a child a few days before, was found in a dying condition in her residence in the rear of King street east yesterday morning. Her husband, Robert McNair, who was roused by her screams, and accompanied her to the general hospital in the ambulance. The woman died at 7 o'clock and McNair died of heart failure at 10 o'clock. The three days' old baby is left alone in the world.

Injured at a Celebration.

Montreal, July 5.—Word was received in Montreal tonight that Russell A. Alger, junior son of General Alger, of Michigan, and general manager of the Laurentide Pulp mills, has been seriously injured by a fireworks explosion at Grand Mere Que., this evening.

TO BE MASSACRED

PRINCE TUAN ISSUED ORDERS TO KILL ALL FOREIGNERS.

Heads of Legation Guards Are Borne Through the Streets—Baron von Ketteler's Foul Murder.

London, July 4.—Couriers who are arriving at the seats of government of the southern viceroys from the agents in Peking gave vivid but fragmentary pictures of what is being enacted in the capital. The couriers seemingly left a day or two later than the messenger of Sir Robert Hart, the inspector general of customs, who started on the night of June 24. They report that the heads of some of the captured legation guards were being borne through the streets at the top of spears, followed by chanting, "Kill the Foreign Devils, Kill!" The city's millions have been roused to patriotic fervor, breaking out into the wildest excesses while over half the city could be heard defiling around the legations.

Sir Robert Hart's runner, who was interviewed by the correspondent of the Express at Shanghai, supplements the tragic sentences to the dispatch he bore by a narrative of some things he saw. He says the foreigners were making a last stand in the extensive buildings and enclosures of the British legation. They had many dead and wounded. Among them were some women and children. All were short of food, even of the commonest necessities. The women were starving, as they gave part of their small allowance to the children. The foreigners, nevertheless, were holding out under a terrible fire, upheld by the hourly expectation of relief. They knew they would not be abandoned, and that the armies of their governments were advancing. Sometimes they thought they could hear artillery in action outside the walls. They were unable to return the fire of the Chinese except at moments when an assault seemed imminent. Then the machine guns and repeating rifles tore the storming party to pieces. The messenger expressed the belief that it would be impossible for the foreigners to resist much longer, as the Chinese were preparing to batter down the walls of the court yard, and their ammunition was running low.

Orders were given by Prince Tuan, the messenger says, that since some had been killed not one other foreigner should be left alive. The Chinese soldiers were exhorted to sacrifice their lives without hesitation if by so doing they could help exterminate the "Wang Kuei Tse." Extreme precautions had been taken to prevent the foreigners from communicating with anyone outside the city, and a number of runners had been sent out to the court yard, and their ammunition was running low. Orders were given by Prince Tuan, the messenger says, that since some had been killed not one other foreigner should be left alive. The Chinese soldiers were exhorted to sacrifice their lives without hesitation if by so doing they could help exterminate the "Wang Kuei Tse." Extreme precautions had been taken to prevent the foreigners from communicating with anyone outside the city, and a number of runners had been sent out to the court yard, and their ammunition was running low.

Various accounts of the murder of Baron von Ketteler reach Shanghai. The correspondent of the Express says that Prince Tuan, who is the dictator at the capital, tried by means of a trap to induce the ministers to leave the legations, so that they might be massacred by fanatics, thus evading governmental responsibility for their death. The American, British and Russian ministers suspected a plot and refused to leave the legations. Baron von Ketteler, however, accepted an invitation and left the German legation with a small escort of German marines. Opposite the foreign office building he was assailed by the Chinese soldiers, and was shot four times. The foreign office was burned by the marines in their endeavor to defend Baron von Ketteler, whose body was hideously mutilated. Another account has it that all the ministers were invited to a conference with the young emperor, and that Baron von Ketteler started out first and was murdered. The other ministers then refused to venture on the street.

Winnipeg's baseball team defeated Grattan, N. D. Baseballs in India have been fairly general recently. The price of wheat advanced 11 1/2 cents over Sunday's close.

A number of union plumbers in Winnipeg went out on strike. About 1200 unionists for western Canada have reached Montreal. Two men were killed and 35 injured in a train wreck on the Montana Central line.

An imperial law has been signed by the emperor, abolishing banishment to 50 fathoms, which has been in force since 1870.

So far 107 bodies of the victims of the New York dock horror have been recovered from North River.

Victims who lie locked up guard at the St. Lawrence to prevent a repetition of the Whelan outrage.

A. R. Hickey, ex-minister of justice, was drowned while in bathing near his home, at Amherst, N. S.

The C. P. R. police have recovered a bag of gold dust stolen from a man at Spencer Bridge in the Rockies.

At the Bolshoiiev ball last night, Dominion Joe, the Canadian, succored a Russian, Mollie May, Tinto, Cyriops, Alma, Katy and...

At the Victoria and Winnipeg played a dress game in lacrosse.

Four members of the Rat Portage, met with a tragic death.

The Victoria and Winnipeg played a dress game in lacrosse.

A rich strike of gold quartz has been discovered on Indian lands near Hudson Bay.

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published
EVERY THURSDAY MORNING
IN
Qu'Appelle Station, Assa.,
N. W. T.

TERMS: \$1 per annum in advance; \$1.25 if paid within six months; \$1.50 if allowed to run over six months.
No paper discontinued without explicit instructions to that effect along with full amount of arrears.

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Transient advertisements, 12c. per line 1st insertion; 8c. per line each subsequent insertion.
Specials, 10c. per line 1st insertion; 7c. per line each subsequent insertion.

ROSCOE E. LAW,
EDITOR AND MANAGER

THURSDAY, JULY 12 1900.

"Let us have faith that right makes might; and in that faith let us dare to do our duty as we understand it."

BUILDINGS FOR RENT.

We have repeatedly drawn attention of moneyed men to the advantages to be derived from building a few good houses in town for rent. Time and again people have been prevented from settling here because they could not get suitable houses. Everyone who wishes to take up his residence here is not in a position to buy land or build and a dozen new houses would not only add to the appearance of the town but would prove a paying investment. The best houses are always occupied and draw good rents while no one cares to live in a shack that costs a fortune for fuel as well as rent and run the chance of freezing in winter even then.

We all want to see the town grow. Let us help it along.

THE SITUATION IN CHINA.

The Chinese question is calling forth some strange guesses and prophecies. The general ignorance on the subject of China and its conditions precludes anything like an accurate forecast of events but all agree that the allies have a big undertaking on hand with a possible war among the European forces after they have crushed the Chinese.

It is a fallacy to believe that the Chinese are not good fighters. It is true that they lack organization and drill but they fight with apparently no fear of death. Their population is reckoned at the enormous number of 400,000,000 and estimating every seventh person as capable of bearing arms they could raise an army of 57,000,000 which, if properly trained and equipped, would be sufficient to meet the whole world. But we have to remember that country that is divided into provinces whose people are divided by jealousies and hatreds that have lasted for centuries and it would be almost impossible to find any man or men who could unite them. The Chinese government is only nominal over many of these provinces and could not force the residents to take up arms in its cause.

Through the movement is termed a rebellion it would appear that the Progress is encouraging it. These complicating matters and rendering the whole question more difficult of settlement. The allies

are playing a bluff game, claiming that they are not at war but are only aiming to protect the legations at Peking from the rebels. There is no doubt that the European powers are hesitating to embark as neither wishes the other to gain an advantage and while they delay the few thousand allied troops engaged are with difficulty holding their own and are in danger of complete annihilation by the Chinese.

All who have watched the course of Britain's able ambassador, Sir Claude Macdonald, will hope that he may escape the brutality of the savage horde.

The British are fighting Boers in South Africa and pigs in China. At least they are engaged with animals wearing pig-tails. The British were always fond of sport.

COUNCIL MEETING.

Minutes of meeting of the Council of the Municipality of South Qu'Appelle, held in the Council Chamber on Tuesday, July 3rd, 1900.

Present, the Reeve and all the members of the Council.

Communications were received from the following:

Treasurer of Edenwald School District re taxes on n.e. 7, 19, 16, Donald Fraser, re road n. 35, 17, 15. Thos. Bray, Treasurer for School District No. 357, asking for loan of \$90.

Petition signed by J. Weisgohler and others asking for the appropriation of \$200 to be expended on the road running on the west side of sections 9, 16, 21, and 28, 17, 15, instead of on the east side.

Reports were received from the following road overseers: F. Amas and W. G. Vicars for the month of June.

Also reports from the Weed Inspectors Whiting and Starr.

A number of accounts were received and referred to the Committee of F. A. and S., who reported as follows, recommending the payment of accounts as under:

F. Amas, pound No. 1, balance on pound sale, \$9.75; F. G. Whiting, pound No. 7, balance on pound sale, \$4.50; A. D. Dickson, registrar fees tax sale, \$15.70; A. D. Dickson, account March to June, \$39.90; F. Amas, F. H. and S. Inspector's salary, 3 months, \$10.00; F. C. Anderson, cleaning town wells, \$10.00; S. H. Caswell & Co., clearing nuisance block 166 \$6.00; Qu'Appelle Furniture Co., \$16.00; J. P. Beauchamp & Co., charity, \$2.00; J. P. Beauchamp & Co., axe handles 50 cents; F. Amas, overseer's salary to July 1st, \$10; MacCaul & Harvey, lumber, \$65.00; road overseer F. Amas' June report \$12.15; road overseer W. G. Vicars' June report \$127.25; Weed Inspector F. Whiting, salary for June \$31.50; Weed Inspector J. C. Starr, salary for June \$15.75; J. E. Euman, destroying weeds on s.w. 7, 19, 16, \$6.50; J. Euman, destroying weeds on n.e. 7, 19, 16, 50 cents.

We would further recommend that the sum of \$3.00 charged for cleaning lots 26 and 27, Block 166, be charged against the said lots. Also that the \$7.00 paid to J. Euman for destroying weeds be charged against the n.e. and s.w. 6, 19, 16.

Further that the secretary-treasurer's financial statement showing balance on hand of \$1622.32 be received and filed and that the secy-treas. be instructed to draw the sum of \$800 from Molson's Bank and deposit the same in the bank of S. H. Caswell & Co.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

(Sgd.) J. PERKIN JONES.

Financial statement shows the following balances:

| | Dr. | Cr. |
|--------------------|---------|----------|
| General Fund | | \$594.39 |
| Mil bonus | | 233.89 |
| N. Amas Weeds | | 247.67 |
| Statute Labor fund | \$50.72 | |
| Committee fund | 2.86 | |
| Council stock sale | | 9.11 |

| | |
|-----------------------|--------|
| License fund | 14.50 |
| Tax sale fund | 1.40 |
| School District No. 2 | 308.78 |
| " " " 39 | 55.24 |
| " " " 174 | 4.76 |
| " " " 214 | 520.35 |
| " " " 327 | 68.78 |
| " " " 366 | 11.20 |
| " " " 367 | 16.99 |

| | |
|------------------|---------|
| Dr. Balance | \$69.02 |
| Cr. Balance | 1691.34 |
| Less Dr. Balance | 69.02 |

Balance in hand \$1622.32

Jones—Shaw—That the report of the F. A. and S. Committee be received and filed and that the Reeve and Secretary-Treasurer are hereby authorized to issue cheques in payment of the several accounts therein. Carried.

Doolittle—Johnston—That the Secy-Treas. be instructed to write to Mr. Thos. Bray with reference to his communication asking for a loan of \$90.00 for school district No. 357, that owing to the low state of the finances in the treasury this Council very much regret their inability to meet with the wishes of the School Board. Carried.

Jones—Shaw—Overseer W. Brown was instructed to inspect and report on the work done by D. Fraser on road n. 35, 17, 15. Car.

Doolittle—Johnston—That the Secy-Treas. be instructed to grant a lease of the driving park to the Orangemen from the 11th to the 13th of July. Carried.

Requisitions were received from trustees of the following school districts asking that the amounts levied for the current year in the respective districts be as follows:
S. D. No. 2, asking for the sum of \$1,000.
S. D. No. 39, " " " " 369.
S. D. No. 43, " " " " 69.
S. D. No. 61, a rate of 5 mills.
S. D. No. 174, the sum of 200.
S. D. No. 244, a rate of 5 mills.
S. D. No. 327, a rate of 7 mills.
S. D. No. 356, the sum of 55.
S. D. No. 357, a rate of 12 mills.
S. D. No. 548, the sum of 270.
S. D. No. 553, a rate of 2 mills.

Doolittle—Shaw—That the rates for the current year be as follows:

| | |
|----------------|-----------------|
| General Fund | 3 1/2 mills. |
| Mil bonus fund | 1/2 " |
| Statute labor | \$1.25 per day. |
| S. D. No. 2 | 6 mills. |
| S. D. No. 39 | 5 mills. |
| S. D. No. 43 | 4 " |
| S. D. No. 61 | 5 " |
| S. D. No. 174 | 6 " |
| S. D. No. 244 | 5 " |
| S. D. No. 327 | 7 " |
| S. D. No. 356 | 3 " |
| S. D. No. 358 | 12 " |
| S. D. No. 548 | 5 " |
| S. D. No. 553 | 2 " |

The motion carried.

A By-law striking rates and a By-law remitting taxes on certain lands were introduced and put through their various stages. Signed, sealed and numbered 292 and 293 respectively.

Shaw—Jones—That the following appropriations be made for reparing the under mentioned dams:

Whelan's dam \$50; Matheson's dam 25; Matt. Scott's dam 15; Rodger's dam 20; Lou. Smith's dam 20; Jas. Smith's dam 80; Fraser's dam 75; Jas. Fair's dam 25; R. Craig's dam 40; Fred. Whittingham's dam 75; Pell's dam 29; Jos. Craig's dam 20; Wyatt's dam 40; Longpre's dam 120; J. Lepp's dam 25; Spencer's dam 60; L. Shaw's dam 20; J. Eberle dam 20; Slough on Gow's road 40; Donald Fraser's road \$12; J. Bicklers dam \$7.50; McMichael's grade \$6; Jenkinson's grade 3; Cemetery dam 40. Motion carried.

Doolittle—Jones—That this meeting do now adjourn.

S. H. Caswell & Co.,
BANKERS,

Financial and Insurance Agents
COLLECTIONS SOLICITED—RETURNS PROMPTLY MADE.
Four Per Cent. Interest Allowed on Deposit Accounts.

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Qu'Appelle Station. - - Assa.

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Are You Engaged?

WHETHER engaged or married you should have your life insured. You can make out the policy for whom ever you please. If insured your business standing will be improved thereby. We can give you

CHEAP RATES in

*Endowment,
20 Payment Life, or our
Combined Term and Renewal
Option Policy.*

To illustrate this combination feature, we will give the figures: A man of 30 takes one of these combination policies for \$1,000. The first five years will be regular term rates of \$14.90 per annum. At the end of the five-year period, if he has elected to take a whole life policy, the rate will be \$23.45 per annum, which is only a slight increase over the rate usually charged at age 30, when the first policy began. By this means the policyholder is virtually able to keep his age level for five years, so far as insurance premiums are concerned. This is no small advantage when a man wants all the protection a given amount of money will possibly buy.

DO NOT DELAY,

But Call For Terms.

E. E. LAW, AGENT,
QU'APPELLE STATION.

As Black as Ink

Refers to some of those cheap jobs you get done in some little scab house in the cities.

A well printed job is a good advertisement for you.

WE CAN GIVE SATISFACTION

Whether you want

**POSTERS, CIRCULARS,
DATE LINES,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS, CHEQUES,
STATEMENTS,
VISITING CARDS,
PRIZE LISTS,
ADVERTISING CARDS.**

In fact you cannot do better than give us a call.

The Progress,

QU'APPELLE STATION

[illegible]

NEWSY BRIEFS.

AN EPIDOME OF THE WORLD'S NEWS.

The Chinese Horror—House of Commons—South African War Intelligence.

London, July 8.—There is a mass of wild rumor from the Far East. Though so contradictory on most points it continues unanimous as to the consummation of the tragedy at Peking. To the consistent reports of the massacre of the whites are now added the additional horror that savage soldiery butchered at the capital five thousand native Roman Catholic converts.

Stories of executions and untold tortures inflicted on isolated foreigners and European soldiers captured by the mob continue. The authority of Yung Lu, the Chinese Imperial treasurer, who advocated moderation, was completely effaced by Prince Tuan Kang Yi Tung Fuh Sian.

The British cabinet had a long meeting this morning under the presidency of Lord Salisbury and fully considered the crisis.

Washington, July 7.—The navy department yesterday received news concerning the Oregon, which caused Secretary Long, Assistant Secretary Hackett and all the navy officers who heard it to rejoice. The news was contained in the following telegram:

Che Foo, Secretary of Navy Washington: "Wildie has announced that the Oregon was floated this afternoon. The pumps control the water. The ship goes to Kure dockyard, inland sea. (Signed.) Rodgers."

Paris, July 7.—A Tien Tsin dispatch from Che Foo says: "Tien Tsin is still surrounded by an overwhelming number of Chinese who are trying to cut the communications of the international forces whose position is very dangerous. The allied troops number 12,000 men, and have succeeded with difficulty in preventing the strategic assault by the Chinese, whose artillery greatly outnumber the European guns."

PARLIAMENTARY.

House of Commons.

Ottawa, July 8.—Mr. Mulock, in the house yesterday, introduced a bill reducing the postage rate on newspapers from 1/4 of a cent per copy to 1/8 of a cent per copy in the province or territory of publication. It was read the first time.

The bill respecting judges of the provincial courts was read a third time. This bill provides for three additional judges in Quebec, one in Yukon and a chief justice for the Northwest.

The house then took up Mr. Blair's railway amendment act in committee. The bill was passed without any opposition, but a debate took place on a clause which was being added by Mr. Blair to meet the objects which were suggested in Mr. Casey's drainage bill.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Paris, July 8.—The recent references in the Paris newspapers to the Franco-American demonstration of friendship have clearly shown that an alliance between the republics is seriously considered.

Masera, Banatoland, July 7.—The Boers made a determined attempt to retake Ficksburg (Orange River Colony) yesterday. They attacked the place at midnight. The fighting was short but fierce, lasting an hour, and the federals were repulsed.

Brussels, July 7.—Spido, the youth who tried to kill the Prince of Wales, was today found guilty. Owing to his extreme youth he will be placed at the disposition of the government until he is 21, when he will probably be confined in the penitentiary. The London papers generally publish editorials commenting upon the verdict in the case of Spido, the would-be assassin of the Prince of Wales. The Daily Telegraph says, "The result is monstrous."

Che-Foo, July 7.—A report from Tsun-Hua says that many Methodist girls were stolen, and many native Christians were slain while others fled. It is reported that Pui-To Ho is burned, when he will probably be confined in the penitentiary. The London papers generally publish editorials commenting upon the verdict in the case of Spido, the would-be assassin of the Prince of Wales. The Daily Telegraph says, "The result is monstrous."

GOVERNMENT DEFEATED.

London, July 1.—In the House of Lords yesterday afternoon the government was defeated on a motion of Viscount Templeton, Conservative, to appoint a royal commission to consider the claims of Irish landlords for compensation for injuries suffered by legislation since 1881. The Duke of Devonshire, president of the council, in behalf of the government, opposed the motion. He repeated Lord Salisbury's advice that the landlords should present such definite proposals for their alleviations as could be approved by impartial statesmen. The division resulted in favor of the motion by 62 to 59.

CANADIAN ITEMS.

Montreal, July 8.—There is a threatened strike amongst the Montreal boiler makers. The men demand an increase in wages of 10 per cent, and the employers are not disposed to accede to their demands.

Montreal, July 8.—Count Lantree, who was recently brought back from Chicago to answer to the charge of forgery, preferred by the Bank of Nova Scotia, was yesterday committed for trial at the September assizes.

St. John's, Que., July 8.—The stable of the military school was partly destroyed by fire early yesterday morning. Nearly all the troops were away at La Prairie camp, only a baker's dozen being left in charge of the school. The loss is \$1,500.

Halifax, July 7.—The marine and fisheries department received a telegram today announcing that J. F. Eldridge, acting first officer of the government steamer Newfoundland, was drowned Thursday night off Cape Chat, at the mouth of the St. Lawrence.

Toronto, July 7.—Thirty Canadian invalids from South Africa, who have been in English hospitals under treatment for wounds and disease, sailed yesterday by the steamship Parisian for Canada. They were all glad to set sail for their native land.

Montreal, July 7.—It turns out that the accident at Grand Mere Wednesday night was to Capt. Frederick Alger, instead of Russell Alger, Jr. While his hand is badly injured, Dr. Armstrong, who was summoned to Grand Mere by special train from Montreal, hopes to save it except part of one finger.

Quebec, July 7.—David Dube was hanged here this morning for the murder of Thos. Adams Mooney at Lake Beauport in October last. At 7 o'clock, Dube, surrounded by guards, was escorted to the chapel of the prison where the last religious service he was doomed to witness took place. The trap fell at 8.01. The drop failed to break his neck or the vertebral column, and death resulted from strangulation in 11 minutes, 45 seconds after the fall of the trap.

Montreal, July 7.—The agent of the Canadian Bank of Commerce in this city confirms the report of the negotiations on foot looking to the purchase of the Bank of British Columbia. A meeting of the shareholders of the Bank of Commerce will be held August 20, to decide on the matter. If the deal goes through the combined banks will form the last religious service he was doomed to witness took place. The trap fell at 8.01. The drop failed to break his neck or the vertebral column, and death resulted from strangulation in 11 minutes, 45 seconds after the fall of the trap.

Winnipeg, July 7.—The Carberry summer exhibition to be held at Carberry on July 19 and 20 promises to be a successful gathering. Mr. J. B. Henderson, the energetic secretary-treasurer, was in the city yesterday completing arrangements for attractions from the south to attend the exhibition. He has secured with several aerial artists, and visitors Carberry on the fair dates are promised first class attractions including a balloon ascension, juggling on the ball, flying trapeze work, juggling on wire, revolving ladder exhibitions, and also high ladder and trick bicycle feats.

Winnipeg, July 7.—A couple of days ago a Springfield farmer drove into the city with his wagon and team and left them standing outside a store on Higgins avenue. The horses stood patiently for awhile when a passing street car scared them and they bolted down the street with three children in the wagon. Over Louise bridge they went and turned down towards St. Boniface, the children shrieking wildly for help. A young boy by the name of Robert Smith was working in the brickyard and he heard the little ones' cry for help. He dashed to the road and succeeded in catching the bridle of the near side horse and jerked its head to one side. The horse stumbled and fell after dragging Smith for a few yards, and when it fell the other horse came down also. The horses and wagon rolled into the ditch with Smith underneath while the three little children escaped unhurt. Smith was in an unconscious condition and was removed to St. Boniface hospital.

Ottawa, July 7.—The militia department will shortly install on Rockcliffe ranges for skirmishing, disappearing and running deer targets. The targets are from designs by Lieut. Weatherbie, engineer of the department, who designed the targets at present in use. They are sure to work successfully. The "running deer" scheme is a target placed on rails, which extend across the face of the stop butts. The target will sink and rise unexpectedly, and to do good scoring a quick eye will be required.

Kington, July 7.—The Whig this afternoon says it is reported that detectives are guarding the penitentiary, under instructions from the Dominion government, to prevent any plot that might be hatched to attack it with the hope of releasing the Welland Canal dynamiters. The prospects of the success of any such attempt is slim.

EMPEROR IS DEAD

DOWAGER EMPRESS ALSO TOOK POISON AND IS NOW INSANE.

Summer Rains May Delay the Relief of Peking Until Autumn—Chinese Army Flocking to Tien Tsin.

Shanghai, July 6.—Emperor Kwang Su committed suicide June 19 by taking opium under the compulsion of Prince Tuan. The empress dowager also took poison, but is still alive, though reported to be insane from the effects of the drug. The above has been officially reported to the German consular staff.

The losses of the internationals were heavy. The native city when captured was a horrid spectacle. Chinese bodies lay around the guns.

The situation in Kwang Tung (or eastern province) grows worse. Li Hung Chang is said to be trying to raise a force of 200,000 militia. Anarchy is widespread in the province of Shan Tung in spite of the efforts of Yuan Shikai, the governor, to control the revolt. Happily a band of thirty-five American and other missionaries reached Tien Tsin late July 3. Viceroy Liu is reported to be fleeing, executing dispatches of the police at Nanking.

The German chamber of commerce of Shanghai has warned Emperor William not to underestimate the gravity of the situation, but to send troops proportionate with the forces of the other powers.

The statement is published in Berlin that the Chinese have already taken Tien Tsin, but a cable dispatch from Shanghai, dated July 3, 4 p.m., shows that according to latest advice the city was still in the hands of the international troops though the Chinese forces continued their attempt to isolate them as they did at Peking. They were receiving constant accessions, many troops arriving from Manchuria. The dispatch adds that Col. Wegack, commanding the Russians at Tien Tsin, was almost exhausted. He had been three days and nights in the saddle directing the operations.

A dispatch received yesterday by a news agency of this city from Shanghai, under date of July 4, announces that 1,600 refugees were still safe when the message was sent.

According to reports from Shanghai the Chinese army on a march southward from Peking has reached Lofa. This is presumably General Nieh Si Sang's force on route to attack Tien Tsin. Another force of 30,000 Chinese from Ltaai has appeared northeast of Tien Tsin and is reported to have been driven back by the combined forces of Russia and Japan.

Dispatches from Chee Foo, dated yesterday, voice a fear that in view of the imminence of the summer rains it will be impossible for joint forces to advance to Peking until autumn.

The Chinese tenacity was evidenced in their attempt to recapture the arsenal, but they were repulsed after desperate fighting. It was then that Commander Buchholtz of the Kaiserin Augusta was killed.

Washington, July 6.—The navy department has received the following cablegram from Admiral Kempf: Chee Foo—Myers, of the Oregon, commands the force at Peking. Captain Hall and Dr. Lippitt are also there.

London, July 6.—The story that all foreign troops in Peking were murdered on June 30, 1900, is apparently to be circulating simultaneously at Shanghai and Tien Tsin. Yet, as it is not confirmed by official dispatches and is not traceable to the southern viceroys who are still in certain communication with Peking there is a basis for hope that it is untrue.

STRATHCONAS' CASUALTIES.

Pte. Jenkins Killed, Capt. Howard and Pte. Hobson Are Missing.

Ottawa, July 6.—Lord Minto has received the following from Sir Alfred Milner: "I regret to report that Pte. R. Irvine, Royal Canadian, died of enteric fever at Bloemfontein last July. (Signed) Milner."

The following cable signal "General" has been received: Headquarters, S.A., Standerton, July 6.—The following casualties reported near Wervaal on July 1st: Strathcona: Horse, killed, Pte. Angus Jenkins. Missing, Captain Donald McLean Howard, Pte. Jno. Hobson.

London, July 6.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Gen. Buller: "Stanerton, July 3.—Clery, from Greylingstad, joined hands yesterday at Zwaikop, Rand river, with Hart, from Heidelberg (all in the Transvaal). They met with but slight opposition during the march."

HOMEWARD BOUND.

Several of the First Canadian Contingent Sailed Today on the Parisian.

London, July 6.—A number of members of the first Canadian contingent sent to South Africa, sailed for home on the Allan line steamer Parisian today. They complained greatly of the treatment they were subjected to in the field hospitals. Of 1,500 Canadian troops, 800 were stricken down with enteric fever, mostly due to the putrid water of Paardeberg.

Lord Roberts reports from Pretoria under date of July 6, that Lieut. Rundle, of the Carbiniers, and a patrol were captured by the Boers near Pretoria July 4. He also says trains are running to Greylingstad from Natal; that several respectable Boers have surrendered recently; that soldiers' homes have been opened at Heidelberg; the inhabitants subscribing the initial expenses; and that a total of 2,631 stands of arms have been delivered to Gen. Buller at Klerksdorp, Krugerstad and Potchefstroom, all in the Transvaal.

London, July 6.—The Daily Telegraph's Lorenzo Marques correspondent attempted on July 4 to interview President Kruger at Watervalvondner. Herr Kruger was there, but he deputed State Secretary Reitzertalk. The secretary said: "We do not need to discuss peace. President Kruger wishes through me to repeat what he has said over and over again. The South African Republic will fight for independence as long as 500 burghers remain alive, and even then will continue to fight. Such is our decision."

The government leader, Mr. A. J. Balfour, announced in the house of commons today the names of the members of the committee appointed to investigate the South African hospital scandal, as follows: Prof. D. J. Cunningham, Lord Justice Romer, and Dr. Church, president of the Royal College of Physicians.

THE LAKE OF FIRE.

Five Hundred Acres of Oil Burning—One Man Killed and Several Injured.

Bayonne, N.J., July 6.—The immense plant of the Standard Oil company at Constable Hook is burning and 500 acres of it is a lake of blazing oil this afternoon. Before noon twenty-six giant tanks of crude oil exploded. The loss is estimated at \$4,000,000.

At the foot of Twenty-second street oil tank No. 25 exploded with a fearful report, scattering the burning oil in all directions. Every effort was made to keep the flames from the big naphtha tanks near the water's edge which contained a million gallons of explosive. The fire department of Bayonne and the employees of the company were powerless to cope with the fierce fire. Every effort is being directed toward saving the lower yards, which contain all the refined oil tanks, valued at \$10,000 each without their contents. One man was reported killed when the fire started, and six are reported injured.

BYRAN NOMINATED.

Received Unanimous Vote of the Democratic Convention at Kansas City.

Kansas City, July 6.—William Jennings Bryan, of Nebraska, was last night unanimously placed in nomination as the Democratic candidate for president of the United States on a platform opposing imperialism, militarism and trusts and specifically declaring for the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. When the nomination was made the convention let itself loose and the delegates jumped upon chairs and waved their hats and coats in the air. D. Oldham, deputy attorney general for Nebraska, made the nomination speech.

Enemy Suppressed.

London, July 6.—The under secretary of state for the colonies, the Earl of Selborne, announced in the house of lords yesterday that the governor of the Gold Coast colony, Sir Frederick Mitchell Hodgson, with 600 native soldiers, commanded by Major Morris, left Cape Bishup and 100 native soldiers remained there with rations sufficient to last until July 15. Col. Willocks promises to personally relieve Kumasi by that date, under all circumstances.

Dominion Parliament.

Ottawa, July 6.—All afternoon and evening were taken up discussing the report of the emergency food committee. Mr. Monk moved in amendment the minority report, which was read. After it had been debated for several hours by Messrs. Russell, Casgrain, Britten, Oliver and others, it was defeated. Mr. Bourassa rose to move an amendment but it was ruled out of order. The main motion was finally carried. The Chinese bill was read a third time in the senate.

Manitoba Legislature.

Winnipeg, July 6.—The provincial legislature was prorogued yesterday afternoon until the 9th of August next. Beyond the reading of the prorogation speech by the lieutenant-governor, and the list of bills assented to, no business was transacted. Before the arrival of His Honor, Premier Macdonald made an explanation concerning the maintenance of government at home.

HON. A. R. DICKEY DEAD.

Owned While Bathing—Friends Found His Body in Two Feet of Water.

Halifax, July 4.—Hon. A. R. Dickey, ex-minister of justice, was drowned yesterday while bathing near his home at Amherst. During the afternoon he started for Amherst station, saying "I was going for a taxi," and remarking he "seemed unable to swim as well as he used to." He did not go to am, and at 7 o'clock his friends went to look for him. His lifeless body was found in two feet of water, his clothes lying near by. He had evidently been taken with a cramp.

Arthur Rupert Dickey was born Aug. 18, 1854, at Amherst, N.S. He was the second son of Senator R. B. Dickey, a member of the upper chamber, Ottawa. He was educated at Windsor and Toronto universities, and called to the bar of Nova Scotia in 1878. He practiced at Amherst. He was first returned to the house of commons for Cumberland on the resignation of Sir Charles Tupper, 1888, and continued to hold that constituency until the general elections of 1896, when he was defeated by Mr. H. J. Logan, M.P. He became secretary of state under Sir Mackenzie Bowell, Dec. 21, 1894, was transferred to the department of militia and defence March 26, 1895, and to the department of Justice Jan. 15, 1896 continuing at the head of the latter department under Sir Charles until the retirement of the Conservative party from power, 1896. As minister of justice he prepared and introduced the remedial measure on the school question, and as a member of the government in the spring of 1896 was appointed a delegate to Winnipeg on the Manitoba school question. In religion he was an Anglican. He married in August, 1875, Myra, youngest daughter of R. B. Beggs.

CANADIAN CASUALTIES.

Corp. R. Irvine, St. Catharines, Wounded at Black Mountain, Is Dead.

London, July 4.—The war office in its daily roll of casualties, reports the death at Bloemfontein of Corporal R. Irvine, of B company, Royal Canadian regiment of infantry. Irvine, was formerly a member of the 19th (St. Catharines) battalion, was wounded at Black Mountain, May 1, and had been ill ever since.

Corporal J. McCavill, E. battery, Royal Canadian artillery, is dangerously ill at Kimberley. He joined the battery at Montreal, having come up from Sydney, C.B., where his mother lives. The war office announces the illness at Wynberg of Green; second contingent muster roll, Private Sherwood Herchner, of Regina.

London, July 4.—The war office yesterday issued a return of the British casualties in South Africa since the beginning of the war. The total losses exclusive of sick and wounded have been 29,706, of which the killed in action were 20,000 officers and 2,403 non-commissioned officers and men; died of wounds, 70 officers and 610 non-commissioned officers and men; died of disease, 133 officers and 402 non-commissioned officers and men; invalided home, 844 officers and 18,484 non-commissioned officers and men.

NORTH RIVER DISASTER.

List of Victims So Far Recovered Has Reached 101.

New York, July 4.—One hundred and two bodies have been recovered and the waters of the North river up to 10 o'clock tonight, this being the list of fatalities positively known. The list is growing hourly and tomorrow when the tide is at its lowest it is believed a great many more bodies will be recovered. The dead tonight are distributed among the morgues in Hoboken, Jersey City, New York and the steamship Saale. There are three bodies which have not yet been recovered.

All day long the work of searching the ruins was kept up incessantly. The officials of the North German-Lloyd were doing everything they could to straighten out matters and bring things into some sort of tangible shape. Their main efforts were directed to taking care of the survivors and to securing an accurate list of the missing. General Agent Schwab was at work in New York all day long, and Superintendent Moeller was with him assisting in bringing things out of the wreckage. They looked after the transportation to Germany of the survivors who are in condition to go. They also gave clothing and fed them.

Brandon's Assessment.

Brandon, July 4.—The city council meeting held this evening fixed the rate of assessment for the ensuing year. The estimated expenditure is \$64,472. The total rate is 27 1/2, with a special tax of two mills on property adjacent to water mains. The rate is made as follows: Eight mills, public schools, 10 mills, current expenditure, five mills, water works expenditure, two mills special tax in connection with water works expenditure; total assessment is \$4,120,843.

Toronto, July 4.—Wm. McCaffrey, manager of the Bay Tree hotel, took a dose of carbolic acid at the hotel named tonight, and died shortly after from the effects.

The Qu'Appelle Progress.

QU'APPELLE, N. W. T.

BUDS AND BLOSSOMS.

The new dark red rose, a hybrid tea rose, called "Liberty," is likely to prove a decided acquisition in rose culture.

It likes of the valley fall to bloom as freely as they ought, it is very likely because they have run together and become one. Thin out and give a little more decomposed compost as a top dressing.

A bed of nasturtiums planted in the spring and given but little care will keep the dining table not only with a center bouquet, but also with material for the salad bowl, from early June until late October.

Sandersons make a very effective screen if properly managed. To shut off an unsightly building they are very useful, since they grow very tall in good soil, and by planting the tallest sorts, with dwarf varieties in line before them, you can hide the stalks that are apt to get naked as they lengthen.

Free and easy expectoration immediately relieves and frees the throat and lungs from nasal phlegm, and a medicine that promotes this is the best medicine to use for coughs, colds, inflammation of the lungs and all affections of the throat and chest. This is precisely what Bickel's Anti-Consumption Syrup is a specific for. It is a pleasant, refreshing and invigorating tonic. Children like it because it is pleasant, adults like it because it relieves and cures the disease.

A Quaint Epitaph.

The epitaph by its assumption of accuracy is often delightfully humorous. I always enjoy, for instance, this one, which is to be found, I understand, at Williamsport, Leavenworth county, Pa. At the top of the gravestone there is a rude carving of a man, how could it be anything but ridiculous, a boy, innocent of clothing, being held by a horse, arranged for the purpose. Then the epitaph follows: "Sacred to the Memory of Henry Harris, Born June 27th, 1831, of Henry and Jane Harris his wife. Died on the 4th of May, 1877, by the Kick of a Colt in his teeth. He was a sturdy fellow, and where his Father and Mother and respected by all who knew him and went to the world where horses can kick where sorrow and weeping is no more."—Rochester Post-Express.

Stationary Youth.

Rich Father—My daughter is too young to get married. She is only 18.

Impetuous Lover—Know, sir, but I am a patient patient for years, and she doesn't seem to get any older.—Judge.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Catarrh is the only positive cure known to the medical community. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, it cures by building up the constitution and restoring the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The promoters have so much confidence in their powers that they offer the Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists everywhere.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

A Big Difference.

Kendrick (who for two months has been studying French)—Say, Sutton, I can write a good letter in French now.

Sutton—H'm! Is that so? Well, you may be able to write a good letter in French, but I don't believe you can write a letter in good French.—Boston Transcript.

Thus, Sablin, of Eglinton, says: "I have removed ten corners from his and with Holey's Corn Cure." Reader, go thou and do likewise.

Proved His Case.

Miss Willing after the proposal—But are you quite sure you believe in second love?

Mr. Woodley (to widow)—Certainly, my dear. Now suppose a man buys a pound of sugar; is it sweet, isn't it?

Miss Willing—Yes, of course. But—

Mr. Woodley—And when that's gone he naturally wants another pound—and the second pound is just as sweet, isn't it?

Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator has been proved for destroying worms in children and adults. See that you get the genuine when purchasing.

Method in His Grief.

"They are awfully grasping fellows, those British collectors of death duties. When a man falls sick over there, they send him the proper notification with a copy of the law, and then sit around and wait for developments."

"Yes, they need the money."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

His Healing to Come.

Old Lady (reading newspaper)—I declare! The poor fellow arrested yesterday is dead.

Listener—How do you know?

Old Lady—Why, it says here that he is expected to have his hearing next week.—Green Bag.

TOTALLY DEAF.—Mr. S. E. Crandall, Port Perry, Pa., has contracted a severe cold last winter, which resulted in my being totally deaf in one ear and partially so in the other. After trying various remedies, and consulting several doctors, without obtaining any relief, I was advised to try Dr. THOMAS' E.C. LECTRIC OIL. I warmed the oil and poured a little of it into my ear, and before long I was able to hear. My hearing was completely restored. I have heard of other cases of deafness being cured by the use of this medicine.

FATEFUL ABDUCTION.

BY MAY AGNES FLEMING.

Author of "A Wonderful Woman," "Sharing Her Crime," "Maude Percy's Secret," etc., etc.

Kate's words were full and warm to his wounded heart. "Oh, Kate, too, had hoped to call Maggie by a dearest name than that of cousin, but that hope was gone now. How should he meet the many questions concerning her, which would be sure to ask him, when the very mention of her name nearly drove him wild? He asked up and down the dock, with rapid, nervous strides, while the other passengers gazed on him, wondering to one another, if that pale, wild-looking man, hadn't broken loose from some madhouse or insane asylum. And, indeed, his excited manner gave sufficient ground for such a conclusion.

CHAPTER XXVIII.

"LAST SCENE OF ALL."

Charley's welcome to Drirtole was a warm one, for all said that something lay heavily on his mind. The boys, young men that had once been his, were gone, and in its place a deep-settled melancholy took possession of his mind. He would sit for hours gazing idly at vacancy; then, as if something within made him unable to shake off the lethargy that lay on him, he would become suddenly gay, and go off with Fitzgerald and Lord Arndale, the happiest of the happy, apparently. But it was easily seen his mirth was forced, there was a hollow echo in his gayest laugh, a careless look on his once gay, careless young face, that betrayed theanker worm at the core of all. Poor Charley! do what he would, Maggie still held and undisturbed away in his heart.

To most of the family he became a puzzle. Fitzgerald and Arndale, once much of his, now seemed to be strangers. He thought he showed symptoms of apoplexy; sometimes, when he became unusually moody, going so far as to advise a strap-patch. Miss Dickett asserted that she "knew it would happen, lying among them under his hand, and by cut, looking pityingly upon him, saying: "Poor fellow! he has studied so hard of late, he is losing health!"

Kate, with the true instinct of womanhood, guessed the truth. Several times she ventured to approach the subject, but on these occasions Charley invariably answered with impatient petulance, very unlike his former easy good nature. And if she persisted in probing the wound, he invariably got up and walked out of the room.

At last Kate resolved to write to Maggie, for an explanation. An answer soon came—a very long epistle it was too. What it contained nobody could tell, but it must have been satisfactory, for a smile broke over Kate's face as she attended a very prolonged "oh!" and exclaimed when she finished it: "This explains all. What a little torment Maggie is! Poor Charley!"

Her tone was sympathetic, but the laugh which accompanied it did not seem to say he was much to be pitied. If that Charley knew she was laughing at him he would undoubtedly have been very indignant.

It was a balmy, pleasant afternoon. The windows of the old mansion at Drirtole were wide open to allow ingress to the light breeze. Lord Arndale and Fitzgerald were off in the woods with their dogs and guns. The court set doring in his arm chair, for the trials of the past months had rendered him a feeble old man. Little Magdalen lay under the shade of an old oak in the park, with her arms round the neck of Prince, her favorite water spaniel, gazing dreamily up at the patches of blue sky which she could see through the leaves. Miss Dickett was mending in stately dignity through the house, brush in hand, paring with unrelenting vengeance every cobweb and speck of dust and brushing with the grim determination of learning all spiders and other "noxious insects" that she was not to be trifled with.

Suddenly a carriage drove up the long drive in front, and a young lady closely veiled entered. She ran lightly on the steps, entered the parlor, and was clasped in the arms of Kate. Throwing back her veil the newcomer disclosed the pretty features of Maggie Nelson.

"Have you told him, Kate?" said Maggie, as she threw off her bonnet and shawl.

"Not a word," said Kate, smiling. "I left that for you."

"Where is he now?" inquired Maggie. "Upstairs in the library."

"Without waiting to hear more, Maggie darted off and ran upstairs. She softly opened the library door, and then stood hesitatingly, whether to advance or retreat.

Charley lay on his face on the lounge at the farther end of the room. For a moment she stood beside him. A little hand was laid lightly on his shoulder, and a half sob fell on his ear.

He looked up.

"Maggie!" he exclaimed.

"Yes, Oh! dear Charley, do forgive me," sobbed poor Maggie, clasping her arms around his neck.

He drew very pale and Maggie could feel his heart beating wildly against her side, but he resolutely put up his hands, and strove to unclasp her encircling arms.

"Oh, Charley, don't, don't, send me away, I'll never do it again," you say

word I won't!" sobbed Maggie, still clinging to him.

"Charley, Maggie, I cannot!" he exclaimed, bitterly. "Why have you come again to drive me wild? Go, leave me—what would Sir Harry Dudley say?"

"I don't care one pin for him, indeed I don't," he only a hateful, empty-headed, brainless dandy, and I hate him!" said Maggie, still sobbing.

"And I suppose you have often spoken of me like this, when clinging to his neck?" exclaimed Charley, scornfully.

"No, never; and I don't cling to his neck either!" said Maggie, a little indignantly. "I am in the habit of embracing other people's husbands."

"Husbands?" repeated Charley. "Who said anything about husbands?"

"You did!" said Maggie. "You said I cling to their necks, and I don't thank you for it, either. The next time I cling to you, you will tell me of it, I guess—so there!" and Maggie folded her arms properly, and drew herself up with dignity.

"But, Maggie, I don't understand; how can you call Dudley a husband?" said Charley, looking completely mystified.

"Because he's married, and men are generally called husbands when they're married," said Maggie.

"Why—how—what—Sir Harry Dudley married?" exclaimed Charley. "For Heaven's sake to whom?"

"To Rose L'Othie," said Maggie.

"What a—!" exclaimed Charley, prolonging the word infinitely in his amazement. "You are surely joking, Maggie?"

"I'm not. Read that if you won't believe me," and Maggie drew a newspaper from her pocket, and handed it to him. Charley took the paper, and read:

"Marriage in High Life.—By the Rev. Dr. Moore, Sir Henry Dudley, late of His Majesty's Dragoon, to Miss Rose L'Othie."

"Then you will not marry him, Horrid! I'm the happiest fellow in England!"

And in the excitement of his new found joy, Charley caught Maggie in his arms, and went whirling her round the room in a sort of ecstatic waltz.

"Good gracious!" ejaculated Maggie, completely out of breath, for not expecting this sudden assault, she was taken altogether by surprise. "Good gracious, Charley Sidney, are you crazy? Oh, sir! do stop, you're musing my collar dreadfully. Oh-oh-oh!" and panting and breathless, Charley whirled her to the sofa, and took a seat beside her.

"Well, now, is that not pretty conduct? Ain't you ashamed of yourself, Charley Sidney?" exclaimed Maggie, indignantly, as soon as she recovered breath to speak. I declare! I'll never speak to you again, for your impertinence!"

"Oh, now, Maggie," said Charley, in a penitent tone, putting his arm around her waist. "You wouldn't be so cruel! What did Rose L'Othie, or Lady Dudley, I suppose I should say, mean by all that story about you and Sir Harry? And by law, he has kissed your hand that night of the ball. Come, explain, Maggie, I'm awfully in the dark."

"And awfully jealous, eh, Charley?" said Maggie laughing.

"Oh, no, now, but I'm dying to hear. Go on, Maggie."

"Well, you know," said Maggie, "first I only wanted to test you a little, so I told Dudley not to tell you we were in Dublin. It wasn't because I cared a straw for him—no, indeed, I didn't like him a bit better than the night I met him here first."

"If he were to see you every day," interrupted Charley.

"La, no, he didn't come to see me," said Maggie. "It was to see Rose! he fell in love with her and she with him at first sight. It was awful sudden—just like the snail-poke."

Charley laughed at the odd comparison, and Maggie went on:

"The night of the ball I intended being quite sociable with you, but when I saw how you devoted yourself to that girl I just got mad, and I told Rose and Sir Harry I'd pay you off for it. So I got Rose to tell you all that nonsense, and see how you would take it. You see I thought you didn't care anything for me, or you would not have paid so much attention to that other, but I wanted to be sure. Well, she told you, and when you left her in the conservatory she came and told us; and when I heard how much you were

grieved, I felt half sorry. Just then Sir Harry saw you coming, and, wishing to carry on the deception Rose had begun, he lifted my hand to his lips. I couldn't help blushing when you saw me, you looked so sorrowful, more like an invalid prince than an every-day Christian. Then the next day I sent a note with Sir Harry to your rooms, explaining all and begging your forgiveness, but he came back with it and told me you were gone. I am not going to tell you how I felt then, because it would make you too vain—anyway I didn't feel a bit comfortable, and I felt mad at you for going off in such a hurry without giving a body time to explain. I didn't very well know what to do for a while, until Kate wrote to me, saying you were mourning and that I might like an old hen that had lost her last chicken, and begging me to come right home. So I only waited long enough to be bridesmaid for Rose, and then I came straight back. And now I hope you're satisfied, and I must request you to go right down on your knees and beg my pardon for that impudent speech about my clinging to Sir Harry Dudley's neck. It was real mean of you—so there!"

How Charley made up friends with her was not prepared to say. All we know is that he did make up friends with her, and soon after, much to the surprise of everybody except Kate, concluded he wouldn't go back to Dublin any more, but would follow the Scriptural injunction, and take unto himself a wife on the same day which made Lord Arndale the husband of Miss Fitzgerald.

There was a further surprise awaiting the happy husband, when Fitzgerald

one morning stood before the earl, and in a frank, manly speech, requested the hand of Kate. The earl was astonished, but said he had no objection, provided that young lady herself was satisfied.

Kate's answer must have been satisfactory, though she only blushed, and said something in a very low tone of voice, whereupon Fitzgerald and Kate very dutifully knelt at his feet, and the earl blessed them in quite a fatherly manner.

There were three weddings in one day at Drirtole shortly after that; and never before, nor since, were such things heard of as at the old mansion. Nothing was talked of, for miles around, but the great gongings on at Drirtole. All the county were assembled on the lawn in front of the mansion, where they feasted and danced until the day grew red in the east.

Sir Harry and Lady Dudley came to Drirtole to honor the nuptials with their presence. And a very pretty sight it was to see those four brides—all looking so pretty, so happy and so interesting.

Immediately after the wedding, all started for a tour on the Continent; and when they returned, they brought with them John and his faithful Irishman and wife, for whom Lord Arndale never ceased making inquiry, until they were found out. The joy of the good Jamie at seeing her beloved young lady well and happy, and the wife of Lord Arndale, knew no bounds, and she nearly went wild with delight at learning the good fortune of her step-sister.

Shortly after their return, the earl passed peacefully away; and Lord Arndale—now Earl of Danmore—together with his countess, took up their residence in the dear old family mansion at Drirtole. Sir Hugh, who came to reside with his daughter, gave up the Pines to Mr. and Mrs. Fitzgerald; and both Kate and Alice were delighted at being settled so near one another.

Sir Harry and Lady Dudley went to live in the dear old family mansion, taking with them Rose's mother—the old steward having gone the way of all flesh some months before.

John and Jamie were comfortably provided for by their numerous wealthy relations and friends, and passed the remainder of their lives as happily as the former part had been troubled and stormy.

And Mr. and Mrs. Charley Sidney—how shall we take leave of them? Charley and Maggie settled down astonishingly after marriage, and spent most of their time in the dear old city Charley was very much attached.

Marie Nelson passed the remainder of her days at Drirtole, or Dirty Hole as her subtle attendant persisted in calling it, in spite of all corrections. Here, studying out several new forms of disease to which she believed herself a martyr, the worthy lady passed her time very pleasantly.

Miss Dickett still remained presiding goddess of the mysteries of housekeeping, under the new earl and countess.

When quizzed by Fitzgerald—who solemnly asserted he had no peace with Kate in his family, and still still still had formerly spent trying to win Miss Dickett's heart—the offended housekeeper would fold her arms with dignity and repeat:

"It is all very fine—so it is."

Old Moll resided with Kate, to whom she was extremely attached; and every few days, while the ladies were still paid a visit to the old Moor Manor, as a sort of homage to the memory of her beloved master.

And when the merry Christmas time came, the great parlors of Drirtole were filled with such a crowd—little Dudleys, Bessies, and Harrys, little Sidneys, Charleys, and Maggies, little Fitzgeralds, Mounseys, and Kates; and the little Harrys and Alice, of the earl and countess. A happy household they formed, as they assembled every year; and none among them ever grew up more beautiful or more beloved than the little dark-eyed, gracie orphan, Magdalen.

THE END.

Not the Heroine.

"I am Genevieve," she said simply. But Arthur laughed.

"Nay, nay!" he cried. "Genevieve is the heroine of this story, which is a magazine serial. As such her hair necessarily ripples back from her low, broad forehead, while you—"

Here his voice rose to a shriek. "—hair is done up pompadour!"

It was useless to reason with the man, since he was clearly mad.—Detroit Journal.

BEGINNING YOUNG.

One Lad Who'll Be Either a Banker or a Bank Robber.

"What's the matter, my boy?" asked the elderly philanthropist, pausing in his morning walk.

The boy who had been digging at the edge of the wooden sidewalk turned a tear stained face upward and responded:

"I'm huntin' for de penny I dropped 'trough a hole in de walk. My maw'll whip me if I don't find it!"

"Is that all?" the good man rejoined, feeling in his pocket for a coin. "Dry your tears, little fellow. Here's another one, just as good, and here is a nickel to go with it."

With the warm feeling at his heart that invariably accompanies the performance of a good deed he passed on.

The next day, walking abroad at the same hour, he observed a boy digging at the edge of a wooden sidewalk.

"What's the matter, little fellow?" he asked.

The boy turned a tear stained face upward and said:

"I'm huntin' for a half dollar I dropped 'trough a hole in de walk. My maw'll whip me if I don't find it!"

Chicago Tribune.

The Free Press, Winnipeg, are making a unique subscription offer to those taking the Weekly Free Press from date to the end of 1900. The offer as explained in another column is claimed by the Free Press to be the most liberal ever made by a Canadian publisher.

She Was Ready.

He (describing his journeyings)—Then, leaving Gibraltar, I made my way to Australia, and from there went to the diamond mines in South Africa, where I made my fortune. Then—do you follow me, Miss Crynkley?

She (with a vivid blush)—To the world's end, Mr. Rockworthy!—Chicago Tribune.

A Big Attraction for the Winnipeg Industrial Fair.

Manager Walker is making every endeavor to please his out of town patrons during the run of the Boston Lyric Opera Co. at the Winnipeg Theatre during the Exhibition week. He has installed a complete and new system of electric fans and a cold storage plant that will insure the comfort of all who attend the theatre during their visit to the city.

ANDERSON PRODUCE CO., LIMITED WINNIPEG, MAN.

GREEN FRUITS AND PRODUCE

Highest Cash Price paid for Butter and Eggs. All mail orders for fruit promptly attended. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Money to Loan

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Brass Band

Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Etc.

EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND. Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine catalogues. Illustrations mailed free. Write us for anything in music or musical instruments.

Whaley Royce & Co., Toronto, Ont., and Winnipeg, Man.

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Manufactured by THOMAS LEE, Winnipeg.

WINNIPEG Business College

SPECIAL SUMMER COURSE IN ALL BUSINESS SUBJECTS

No midsummer holidays. Now is the time to prepare for a situation in the busy season. Full particulars on application.

G. W. DONALD, Sec.

N. B.—We assisted over 100 of our students to positions during the past five months.

Catholic Prayer Books, Memorials, Religious Pictures, Statuary, and Church Ornaments, Educational Works. Mail orders receive prompt attention. D. J. Laidlaw & Co., Montreal.

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New Advertisements and Changes.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. CHANGES.

C. T. Bailey & Co.—Hats and Chinaware.
Lafayette & James—Hatters.
W. H. Hunter—Cruel drugs.
J. Doolittle—Fancy Furniture.
E. K. Law—Insurance.
The Progress—Printing.

LOCAL NEWS

A choice line of fresh Bon-bons and Chocolate Creams just received at Hunter's Drug Store—adv't.

A Little Out.

The Moosomin Spectator gives an account of Moosomin's celebration of Dominion Day in an issue dated June 5th. Has the hot weather made you sleepy brother Smith?

New Livery Proprietor.

We understand that Mr. F. Jones of Griswold has rented G. C. Saunders' stables and intends equipping them in first class style as livery, feed and sale stables. He takes possession on August 1.

It Pays to Advertise.

Our genial and energetic druggist, W. H. Hunter, says it pays him to advertise in the THE PROGRESS. Scarcely a day goes by without someone calling for articles they saw mentioned in our paper. Of course an ad. of Xmas goods at midsummer is not advantageous, but an up-to-date statement of your wares is sure to draw. If you do not believe it try it.

Caution.

Some of our correspondence this week contains items which we fail to see any advantage in publishing and have therefore omitted. THE PROGRESS has acquired a good record for its fair treatment of all people and we are desirous of keeping that good name. We cannot allow our columns to be filled with wrongful imputations or skits on neighbors' behavior. We want news and are pleased to receive it but the circulation of injurious reports can benefit no one.

Crop Reports.

Some of our readers appear to think that the crop reports of last week presented a gloomy prospect and that our remarks were not justified by the reports. It may be that we did read too much sunshine and hope into them, but if so it was on account of the plentiful rains which fell after the reports were in type. We have no hesitation now in saying that the outlook is not at all discouraging. We predict that as much money will be made here as last year with less labor. The grain is growing rapidly and much that was considered worthless is recovering. "All's well that ends well."

The Celebration To-day.

The great call on the transportation service of the C. P. R. has prevented the Orangemen getting a special train from the east, consequently several lodges are deterred from participating. Nevertheless a large number from Moose Jaw, Regina, Balgonie, Wide Awake, Fort Qu'Appelle, Indian Head and elsewhere will be present and it is confidently expected that from 1500 to 2000 people will attend. Football, baseball, polo and other sports added to the procession and speeches will furnish a day of excellent amusement for all who attend. The citizens are requested to decorate their buildings with bunting and assist in welcoming the visitors.

The Best Offer Yet.

The wonderful success of the Canadians at Panderberg in the capture of the Boer General, Botha, is worthy of commemoration. The Manitoba Free Press has made this possible for everyone by purchasing A. H. Rider's magnificent painting of this battle. It is in 15 colors and we have made arrangements whereby new and old subscribers to THE PROGRESS can secure a copy. Every new subscriber sending us 75 cents will receive the picture and THE PROGRESS and Weekly Free Press from date to Jan. 1, 1901. Every old subscriber sending us \$1.35 will receive the picture, the Weekly Free Press to the end of 1900 and have their PROGRESS subscription ex-

tended one year from date of expiration. This is a generous offer and everyone should take advantage of it.

PERSONALS.

Geo. Wilson representing Clark Bros., of Winnipeg, was in town this week.

The Superintendent of Creameries, Mr. Mitchell, visited Qu'Appelle last week.

We are pleased to hear that Miss Jewell who has been seriously ill for several weeks, is slowly recovering.

Rev. Mr. McCrossan, of Indian Head, will preach in the Methodist church here on Sunday next.

A Prominent Conservative and Orangeman Dead.

In the death of Lieut.-Col. Tyrwhitt, M. P., at Bradford, Ont., on June 22nd the Conservative party lost a prominent and able supporter and the country a good citizen.

Col. Tyrwhitt represented South Simcoe in the Commons in the Conservative interests since 1882. He was for years closely identified with the militia and saw active service in 1866 and 1885.

He was also a leading member of the Orange order. Deceased was a cousin of Mrs. D. Moore, of this town.

Edgeley.

The picnic which was to have taken place last Thursday was not held, owing to the rain, which came shortly after noon. All arrangements were made and many had come from a distance, who had to return home disappointed. However, all were pleased to see the rain, as it was badly needed. The picnic will now be held on Thursday, 19th inst., when it is hoped all will come and enjoy themselves. To those who came last Thursday we will say: "Don't be discouraged but come again and the committee of management will do all in their power to make all present enjoy themselves."

Mr. T. J. Wilson visited Vernon district last Saturday.

Mr. R. Law, of The Progress, and Miss Bailey, visited friends in the district last Monday, 2nd inst.

Mrs. Young, of Winnipeg, visited Mr. and Mrs. S. G. Howell last week for a couple of days.

Mr. George Goodwin has returned home from Weyburn, where he has been working on his land.

A meeting is called for Wednesday afternoon, of all interested, to repair the church fence and ground.

Miss Eliza Whittingham has returned from Hill Farm, where she has been staying with relatives for two months.

Among visitors in our burg the past week we noticed the following: Mr. Quinton, Mr. and Mrs. H. Gray, and Miss Myrtle Fessant, who is now visiting relatives here.

Rev. Mr. McCrossan, of Indian Head, will preach in the Methodist church next Sunday.

Mrs. J. Howden visited Vernon last Sabbath.

Balgonie.

From our own correspondent.

Summer vacation has brought its usual quota of visitors. Jas. Pitblado, of Arrowhead, B. C., is visiting at Mr. Cockwill's and renewing old acquaintances. Mrs. Creamer and Miss Lucy Creamer of Qu'Appelle Stn., are the guests of Mrs. D. A. Kingsbury. Miss Lindsay, teacher at Caron, is spending her vacation with Mrs. T. A. Matchett. Miss V. Yorke, of McGregor, Man., a former teacher here, spent a few days last week with her sister at Hickeyville. Dr. and Mrs. Gaddes of Minneapolis, and Dr. and Mrs. Gaddes of Sintuluta, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dalglish last week.

We are pleased to learn that Mrs. J. B. Hawkes is recovering from her late illness.

Mr. Jas. Bunyan is in charge of the blacksmith shop lately built by Mr. Gaddes, and Mr. Joe Siebold, late of Regina, has bought out Mr. Wan. Cockwill's shop and is now in possession. With two good blacksmiths in town the farmers ought to be well waited on.

Messrs. Shannon and Taylor took their band of horses to Lunenburg last week.

Dominion Day passed off very quietly. A few went to Indian Head. A number drove out to Edgeley picnic.

Mrs. Robt. Matchett spent last week with Mrs. Wana. McLean.

The bountiful rains of the last

New Goods!

New GOODS!!

Just Opened Out

DRY GOODS CLOTHING Furnishings Shoes

Come and look at them. No trouble to show goods.

J. P. BEAUCHAMP & Co

few days seem to have put a new dress on the fields and prospects are much brighter than before. Wheat on breaking, and summer-fallow will be a very fair crop, but wheat on stubble was so dried up by the heat so as to be beyond revival. Oats promise to be a fine crop. All crops except those put in late are going to be very short in the straw. The root crops look very well, and new potatoes will soon be the order of the day, in fact a few parties have already used some of this year's product of their potatoe patch.

Territorial Tips.

A paragraph recently appeared in a Winnipeg paper, copied from the Nelson Tribune, stating that F. W. Godsal had offered J. J. Young \$100,000 cash for his interest in the Nettie L. mine. We do not know how the paragraph originated, but in that part of it referring to an offer from Mr. Godsal to Mr. Young there is not a word of truth. The fact that Mr. Young is still running a newspaper ought to be fairly good evidence that he was not offered \$100,000 for a mine or anything else.—Calgary Herald.

A farmer stepped into a printing office, and said to the editor: "I'd like to take your paper, but I'm too poor." "Too home," said the editor, "pick out a hen, and call her mine, and if she wants to set, let her, and next fall bring her and the produce from that hen. I'll send you the paper." When fall came he found he was paying the price of two papers. After that he was never too poor to take a paper.—Printer and Publisher.

Obituary.

Free Press—Word was received in the city yesterday of the death of Mr. Thos. A. Huckell, of Carberry, who for years was the proprietor of the Western hotel at that point. During the last few years, however, he became identified with journalism, retiring from hotel-keeping, and with his sons owned and published the Carberry Express. About a year ago his son, Fred W., the editor and manager, died in California, where he had gone for his health. Since that time the lately deceased gentleman was more actively engaged in newspaper work. The wife of the late Mr. Huckell died about a year ago, and the surviving members of the family are Mr. Benjamin Huckell, a son, and Mrs. Corpe, of Carberry, a sister.

Mr. Huckell accompanied the Western Press excursion members on their eastern trip a short time ago, and he kind and courteous manner earned for him the esteem of all in the party. He was a keen observer of all that pertained to the welfare of the west and did much to advance the interests of the farmers on the Carberry Plains.

Qu'Appelle Observatory

| | | Maximum. | Minimum. |
|--------|----|----------|----------|
| Wed. | 4 | 76 | 55 |
| Thurs. | 5 | 67 | 51 |
| Fri. | 6 | 63 | 51 |
| Sat. | 7 | 76 | 54 |
| Sun. | 8 | 81 | 51 |
| Mon. | 9 | 74 | 60 |
| Tues. | 10 | 75 | 59 |

NO SURRENDER!

War having been declared against the allied forces of Europe, we hereby declare a siege on July 12, and warn all people that

On the 12th We Will Sell Hats

At prices never before heard of in town from 10c. up. A 1 Hats at \$1.25 and \$1.50.

All Eyes on China.

Call and see our fancy colored Tea Cups and Saucers.

Yours for Rock-Bottom Prices.

C. T. BAILEY & CO.

Just Because

You've never worn our Tailor Made Clothing is no reason why you shouldn't start now. You've as good a right as your neighbor to be properly clothed. You attain that degree when we make your clothing. You get a choice of new clothes, a fit that is pleasing, a finish that is unsurpassed, and at a price to suit the time. We're ready to show their goodness when you call. Why not see them to day.

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Fresh killed Meats

Of all kinds. Also full line of

CURED MEATS.

Just in, Fresh Salmon.

POTATOES FOR SALE.

D. BROWN, Qu'Appelle Station

RAW FURS

HIDES AND DEER SKINS

SHIP TO

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Write for Our Circular and See the Prices We Pay.

MARKETS.

WINNIPEG:

| | |
|---------------------|--------------|
| Beef, dressed.... | 63 to 7 |
| Veal..... | 7 to 8 |
| Mutton..... | 9 to 10 |
| Hogs..... | 64 |
| Butter, dairy.... | 15 to 18 |
| Eggs..... | 13 |
| Hay..... | \$7 to \$8 |
| Wheat..... | 40 to 42 |
| Feed, pure leaf.... | 200 |
| breakfast bacon | 12 1/2 to 15 |
| Hams, wholesale | 15 |
| Wheat, Ft. William | 85 |

LOCAL.

| | |
|-------------------|--------------|
| Beef, dressed.... | 7 |
| Butter..... | 15 |
| Flour, per bag .. | 1 50 to 2 00 |
| Hay..... | 2 50 to 3 00 |
| Wheat..... | 50 |
| Oats..... | 35 to 40 |
| Lard..... | 15 |
| Hogs, dressed.... | 6 to 64 |
| Eggs..... | 12 1/2 |
| Hams, retail.... | 17 |
| Breakfast bacon | 17 |
| Cordwood..... | 2 50 to 3 00 |

Teacher Wanted

FOR Grassmere S. D. 244, holding 2nd class certificate, male or female. Duties to commence 1st of August and run for 12 months from that date, with two weeks holidays at Christmas and Statutory holidays. Apply by letter before July 21st, 1900, stating qualifications and salary required.

G. E. SKINNER.

See Times, Qu'Appelle Stn., Assn.

I have just received a fresh stock of Plums, Peaches and Watermelons. Try my

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Only 30 cents per dozen.

Large California Onions going fast at 4 cents for 25 cents.

Mrs. E. Ambler.

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